

Collaboration between Higher Education and Workplace Settings

Dr. Carol Kasworm
Fulbright Senior Specialist
Metropolia College of Applied Science
North Carolina State University



Starting a Dialogue

- ∅ Exploration of participants viewing themselves as collaborators intent on resolving an issue.
- ∅ Issue:
 - "How to create Effective and Innovative learning environments for workers based in a collaborative learning community between higher education and the workplace?"



My Background

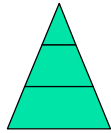
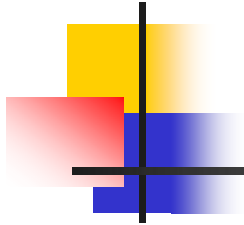
- n Leadership of faculty and staff in complex credit, noncredit, and distance education curriculum and programs
- n Strategic planning and project management
- n Curriculum creation and revision, program development and revision
- n Innovative instructional and assessment strategies



My Perspective

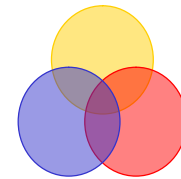
- n Future in "I" Knowledge/Skill Cultures
- n Workplace needs workers
 - n Learning how to learn – continuous new knowledge and skills
 - n Critical reflective skills -
 - n Collaborative innovators -
 - n Action research skills to improve and innovate practice

Old models of knowledge construction



Medieval times
= Individualized
work standards

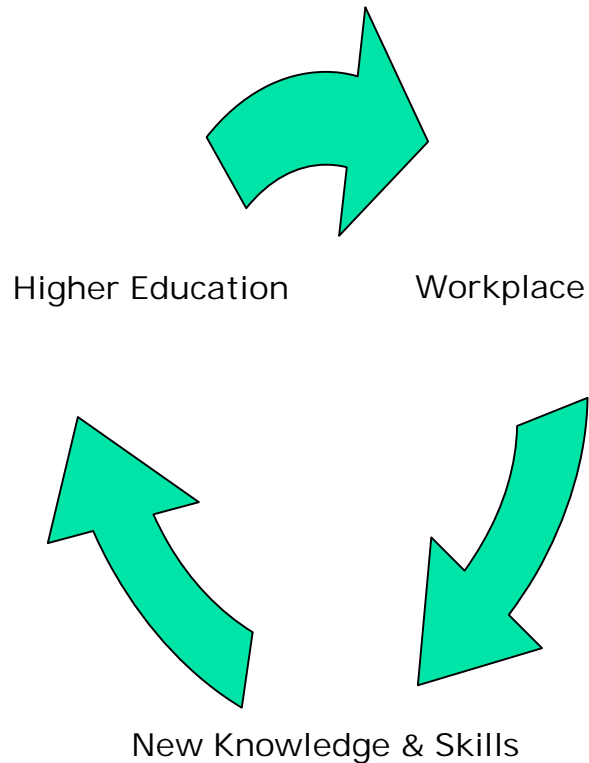
- Master
- Apprentice
- One job for
a lifetime
- Limited knowledge
change



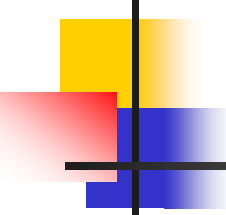
Recent times
= Professionalization of
work

- grounding K & S and
analytic critique - HE
- Workplace – global context
knowledge / understandings –
viable workplace based in "I"
- Research infused-
workplace from both HE
research and workplace
research

Knowledge Economy Marketplace



- Knowledge is a commodity
- problematic higher education as foundation basis – problematic adaptation to worksite beyond “K&S”
Global Educational Marketplace relevant and competitive workers
 - problematic worksite ownership – Being cutting edge and efficient.
--Contingency workers
 - accelerated knowledge-- innovation –impacts all



Knowledge – Re-creating and In-novating – “ I culture”

- n Collaboration is necessary for
 - Key professions and the workplace
 - n Higher Education as a learning leader
 - “and” as a collaborative research partner
 - “for” Innovative new objects of work and for new knowledge and skills
 - n Workplace as the center of competent, evolving practice in a dynamic society



One Model of partnership

- n Example of US community colleges – primary goal is workforce development
 - n Curriculum and student standards from workplace – updating and innovating
 - n Instructors from workplace – training in instruction, assessment, pedagogy
 - n Advisory committees- key contacts
 - n Student engagement - work learning experiences - developmental

Student-Faculty Work Engagement



- n Apprenticeship – full-time – 6 + mo.
- n Cooperative Education – semester
- n Internship-Practica – semester – project related, learning contract
- n Clinical instruction – joint faculty – at worksite
- n Faculty – Worker exchange – curricula-course focused development, case studies, problem-based assignments
- n Class-based projects – with worksite



Connections with workplace

- n Rapid economic and social changes:
 - n Importance of challenging implicit assumptions and taken-for-granted practices
 - n Importance of engaging in professional problems of the practice
 - n Merging the split worlds of theory (what is learned in the classroom) and practice (what you do at work each day).



Anchors in Communities of Practice and Situated Learning

- n Perspective for both entry and professional learning
 - n Belief that best learning is learner-centered, interactive, social and practice-based.
 - n Belief that the pedagogy of "problem-based learning" is one effective mechanism.



COP and Situated Learning

- n Learning is context-based in sociocultural practices. Based in the work of Jean Lave and Etienne Wenger – “Situated Learning” and Wenger’s “Communities of Practice”
- n Professional schools – moved away from transmission of knowledge to “co-construction of knowledge” – focus on practice, interwoven with development of professional attitudes and theory-base of practice. Experiential learning with critical reflective analysis - mode



Communities of Practice

- n Beliefs in knowledge= dynamically constructed within the community of practice with social practice experiences.
- n Experts and novices - not only knowledge, but ways of identifying, seeking, learning, and evaluating knowledge as it is applied (cognitively, socially, physically).



Partnership between HE and Workplace

- n Assume that what is know is "dated" both in knowledge-skill, as well as in pedagogy and curriculum. Challenge – how to innovate (on a continuing basis)
- n Partnership – creating valued connections surrounding a "win-win"-
 - n What are the issues you face with this partnership?